E – 4460

Reg. No. : ....

Name : ....

Second Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, August 2018
First Degree Programme under CBCSS
Foundation Course II : CO 1221/CX 1221/TT 1221/HM 1221/CC 1221 –
INFORMATICS AND CYBER LAWS
(Common for Commerce/Commerce & Tax Procedure and Practice/
Commerce and Tourism and Travel Management/ Commerce and Hotel
Management and Catering/Commerce with Computer Applications)
(2014 Admn. Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours   Max. Marks : 80

SECTION – A

Answer **all** questions in **word** to maximum of **two** sentences. **Each** question carries **one** mark.

1. What is informatics ?

2. What is warranty ?

3. What is client server network ?

4. What is Cyber stalking ?

5. What is Internet ?

6. What is dial-up connection ?

7. What is internet protocol ?

8. What is HTTP ?

9. What is IP Address ?

10. World Wide Web.   (10×1=10 Marks)

SECTION – B

Answer **any eight** questions in **not** exceeding **one** paragraph. **Each** question carries 2 marks.

11. What is HTML ?

12. What is URL ?

13. What is information ?

14. What is tacit knowledge ?

15. What is knowledge management ?

16. What is NICNET ?

17. What is digital divide ?

18. What is cyber crime ?

19. What is cyber law ?

20. What is cyber ethics ?

21. What is SPAM ?

22. What is cyber addiction ?

(8×2=16 Marks)

SECTION – C

Answer **any 6** questions **not** exceeding **120** words. **Each** question carries 4 marks.

23. What are the advantages peer to peer networks ?

24. What are the advantages wired Ethernet networks ?

25. Explain the uses of computer network.

26. What are the important internet access methods ?

27. Differentiate between data and information.

28. What are the important features of knowledge management ?

29. Explain the application of IT in teaching and learning.

30. Discuss the objectives of educational software.

31. Explain the application of IT in health care.   **(6×4=24 Marks)**

SECTION – D

Answer **any two** questions **not** exceeding **4 pages. Each** question carries **15 marks.**

32. What is cyber addiction ? What are the signs and symptoms of cyber addiction ? Explain the risks involved in it.

33. Discuss the role of information technology in today's society.

34. Explain measures which are useful for managing computer frauds.

35. Explain the tools and measures that can be used to safeguard information system.   **(2×15=30 Marks)**

_____

5.

E – 4267

Reg. No. : ....

Name : ....

Second Semester B.A./B.Sc./B.Com. Degree Examination, August 2018
First Degree Programme under CBCSS
Language Course IV (English II)
Common for B.A./B.Sc. (EN 1212.1), B.Com. (EN 1211.2) &
Career Related 2(a) (EN 1211.3)
MODERN ENGLISH GRAMMAR AND USAGE
(2013 Admission Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

I. Answer **all** questions, **each** in a word or a sentence, following the directions given in brackets.

  1) The principal promised him a prize. (Identify the predicate)

  2) He does not come here every day. (Change in to affirmative)

  3) He came early. (Add question tag)

  4) There is nothing _____ to be said. (further/farther)

  5) The picture was hanged on the wall. (Correct the mistake)

  6) The train left before I reached the station. (Rewrite correctly)

  7) Reading novels is a pleasure. (Begin the sentence with 'it')

  8) He agreed to give me help. (Rewrite using 'help' as verb)

  9) I met him on last Friday. (Rewrite correctly)

  10) A pair of shoes are expensive now a days. (Use the correct form of the verb)

  (10×1=10 Marks)

II. Answer any **eight**, each in a short paragraph **not** exceeding **50** words.

  11) Rewrite as directed.
    a) She is very tired.
       She cannot walk. (Change into simple sentence)
    b) He is poor.
       But he is honest. (Change into complex sentence)

  12) Rewrite as directed.
    a) Finish your work, I shall wait. (Change into complex sentence)
    b) He was lazy. He failed. (Change into compound the sentence)

  13) Give the basic pattern of the following sentence.
    a) She comes late.
    b) Mangoes are sweet.

14) Correct the following sentences.
    a) You ever saw a live panther ?
    b) We just finished our home work

15) Change the voice.
    a) Did the noise frighten you ?
    b) My boss turned my suggestion down.

16) Rewrite using the proper verb from the brackets.
    a) Fifty kilograms _____ not a small weight. (is/are)
    b) One of my friends _____ a motor cycle. (has/have)

17) Frame a question so as to get the underlined word as answer.
    a) The train is <u>two</u> hours late.
    b) The jar is made of <u>clay.</u>

18) Change into the comparative.
    a) Nothing else travels as fast as light.
    b) Jim is not so generous as John.

19) Add suitable question tag.
    a) You know Mary, _____ ?
    b) Every one was present, _____ ?

20) Rearrange the jumbled words in to a meaningful sentence.
    a) sights/not/such/very/are/common
    b) efforts/crowned/his/were/with/success

21) Insert the given words in the proper places.
    a) I reach office early. (usually)
    b) The house is big for all of us. (enough)

22) Rewrite the following sentences replacing the underlined words with an adverb.
    a) He hasn't arrived <u>so far</u>
    b) She spoke <u>in an arrogant manner</u>   **(8×2=16 Marks)**

III. Answer **any six** of the following as directed.

23) Complete the following sentences using the correct form of the verbs.
    When I (finish) my lunch I asked the waiter,
    "Do you know the girl who (sit) over there ?"
    "No sir, I do not know her to speak of. I notice she has lunch here on Saturdays"
    "(Do) she come any other day ?"
    "I never (see) her on other days"

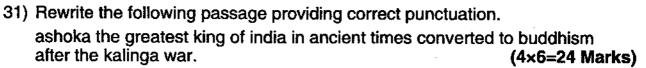24) Use the correct tens of the verbs given in brackets.

What (go) on in your house when I (call) on you last night ? I (ring) the bell three times but you (not answer) the door.

25) Rewrite the following sentences inserting appropriate prepositions.
1) They will be busy _____ the next three days.
2) Your membership will expire _____ 30 April.
3) Your application should reach the Secretary _____ 30 June.
4) My mother works _____ the Health Department.
5) She left _____ Mumbai yesterday.
6) We don't go to school _____ Sundays.
7) The house was reduced _____ ashes.
8) She is _____ the Committee for Women's Welfare.

26) Rewrite the following in indirect speech.
A : May I come in, sir ?
B : Come in please. How can I Help you ?
A : My son has passed the SSLC exam. I would like to know when the certificates are issued
B : On Monday. The student himself should come and collect the certificate.

27) Correct the following sentences.
1) She tried hardly for a first class.
2) I am having an uncle in Madras.
3) I dislike to eat meat.
4) Mary only eats fish on Fridays.

28) Complete the following sentences using suitable modal.
1) "_____you come at once, please ?" requested the nurse.
2) "It _____rain to night; look at the dark clouds." said Sreelakshmi.
3) You _____ not advice me what to do.
4) They _____ pay penalty for late payment.

29) Rewrite as directed.
1) They started before sunrise (Change into complex sentence)
2) On seeing the dog, the children began to cry (Change into complex sentence)
3) In spite of illness, he look cheerful (Change into compound sentence)
4) He is a businessman who is reliable (Change into simple sentence)

30) Fill up using articles.

There was _____ugly scar on _____face of _____man who slept on _____ floor.

31) Rewrite the following passage providing correct punctuation.

ashoka the greatest king of india in ancient times converted to buddhism after the kalinga war.   **(4×6=24 Marks)**

IV. Answer **any two** of the following.

32) "Self-help is the best help".

33) Write a short essay "Kerala – The God's Own Country".

34) Write a précis of the following passage.

There are hundreds of superstitions which survive in various parts of the country, and the study of them is rather amusing. We are told for example that it is unlucky to point to the new moon or to look at it through glass but if we bow nine times to it, we shall have a lucky month. Nearly all superstitions are concerned with "luck". Good luck is associated with black cats, horse shoes, the finding of a pin etc. Ill luck is associated with the howling of dogs, spilling of salt, crossing of knives, walking under a ladder and scores of other things.

Now suppose you tell a scientist that you believe in a certain superstition __ Let us say, howling of a dog is a sign of death. The scientist will immediately require evidence before he can accept your belief. He will want figures to prove it. It will be useless quote two or three cases; he will want hundreds. He will want to know (i) if it ever happens that the howling of a dog is not followed by death; (ii) if ever a person's death is predicted by the howling of dogs. The answer to the former question is in the affirmative and the latter in the negative. Your superstition will not bear investigation. It may impress an ignorant person; but it cannot face the light of facts. Your case could not carry conviction in a court of law. Apart from this process of testing by results, any intelligent man will want to know "the reason why". Is there a cause-effect relation between the howling of a dog and a person's death ?

35) Arrange the given sentences in the proper order.

(Hint: Sentence 1 and sentence 10 are in the correct order. The rest of the sentences have to be rearranged as so as to give logical sense to the whole passage)

Once upon a time it was difficult to decide whether the royal swan or peacock was the king of the universe. Nor are there any royal swans that swim in the shimmering waters of Mansarovar. And the princesses used to scatter pearls across palace courtyards to tempt their swan lovers. Now, no one knows where Mansarovar is. In those days royal swans used to swim in the lakes that were translucent as white pearls. In our time there are no swan lovers who can be seduced by pearls. They exist only in the world of fables and myths. The lakes are dry, the rivers polluted and the air thick with the dust and smoke of bombs. The royal swans have flown away in search of clear air and pure water. Only the poor ducksand geese have been left behind to bear the burden of our times.   **(2×15 = 30 Marks)**

Reg. No. : ....

Name : ....

**Second Semester B.B.A./B.Sc./B.C.A./B.Com./B.S.W. Degree
Examination, August 2018
Career Related FDP under CBCSS – 2(b)
Language Course – II (English – II)
EN 1211.4 : WRITING AND PRESENTATION SKILLS
(Common for B.Voc. Degree Programme in Software Development)
(Language Course EN 1211)
and
for B.Voc. Degree Programme in Tourism and Hospitality Management
(Language Course EN 211 – Writing and Presentation Skills in English)
(2013 Admission Onwards)**

Time : 3 Hours   Max. Marks : 80

Answer **all** questions.

I. Correct the following sentences. If the sentences are correct, write "**No Error**".

   1) The young man was ignorant about the consequences when he slapped a police officer.

   2) People were surprised in his extraordinary talent.

   3) Please hurry. Its getting late.

   4) He is greater than I.

   5) One of the girls sing well.

   6) Neither Arun nor Joseph are available.

   7) He has catched cough.

   8) The river flows down the mountain and is going to the ocean.

   9) If the recession continues, the country would not grow.

   10) The good leader leads the country to prosperity.   **(1×10=10 Marks)**

II. Answer **any eight** of the following questions in **one** or **two** sentences **each**.

   11) Imagine that you are planning to write an essay. Which are the various stages of the writing process ?

   12) Name different types of paragraphs.

13) Attempt a definition of a report.

14) Give some examples of presentation strategies.

15) What are the advantages of e-mail ?

16) List the kinds of information to be provided in a CV.

17) Why is writing considered as a skill ?

18) Why do you combine different sources in your writing ?

19) What is the role of audience in a presentation ?

20) How do you combat stage fright ?

21) What is a hand-out ?

22) What are the disadvantages of a questionnaire ?   **(8×2=16 Marks)**

III. Answer **any six** as directed :

23) Write a letter to your friend inviting him/her to your place during the Christmas vacation for the social service activities you two have already planned together.

24) Write a précis of the following passage reducing it to **one third** of its length :

Any ape can reach for a banana, but only humans can reach for the stars. Apes live, contend, breed and die in forests-end of the story. Humans write, investigate, create and quest. We splice genes, split atoms, launch rockets. We peer upward into the heart of the Big Bang and delve deeply into the digits of pi. Perhaps most remarkably of all, we gaze inward, piecing together the puzzle of our own unique and marvellous brain. It makes the mind reel. How can a three-pound mass of jelly that you can hold in your palm imagine angels, contemplate the meaning of infinity and even question its own place in the cosmos ? Especially awe-inspiring is the fact that any single brain, including yours, is made up of atoms that were forged in the hearts of countless far-flung stars billions of years ago. These particles drifted for aeons and light years until gravity and chance brought them together here, now. These atoms now form a conglomerate-your brain-that can not only ponder the very stars that gave it birth but can also think about its own ability to think and wonder about its own ability to wonder. With the arrival of humans, it has been said, the universe has suddenly become conscious of itself. This, truly, is the greatest mystery of all.

25) Write a dialogue between you and your teacher on the newly constituted government.

26) Prepare a questionnaire for conducting a survey on ecological conscience of people in your locality.

27) Write a report on the latest debate conducted in your college.

28) Prepare a resume for the post of an artist in a popular magazine.

29) What are your objectives in a presentation on 'Youth and The Need to Know Constitution' ?

30) Differentiate between a report and an essay.

31) Power point presentations are sometimes ineffective – when ? **(6×4=24 Marks)**

IV. Attempt **any two** of the following.

32) Write an essay on **any one** of the following (**each** in about **two** or **three** pages).
   a) The relevance of English education in contemporary Indian context.
   b) Politics and social media.
   c) Internet addiction and its consequences.

33) Write a project report on any of the following topics :
   a) The problems faced by female students in your college.
   b) Political consciousness in your college.
   c) Health and food habits of school children in your area.

34) Create content for 15-20 slides on **any one** of the following for Power Point Presentation :
   a) The notion of development.
   b) Disadvantages of advertisements.
   c) Global warming.

35) Imagine that you are the Manager of a company. Write a letter apologising to a consumer for delivering a defective or damaged product from your company. **(2×15=30 Marks)**

Reg. No. : ....

Name : ....

Second Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, August 2018
First Degree Programme Under CBCSS
Core Course : CO 1241/CC 1241
BUSINESS COMMUNICATION AND OFFICE MANAGEMENT
(Common for Commerce/Commerce with Computer Applications)
(2014 Admn. Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours .   Max. Marks : 80

SECTION – A

Answer **all** questions. **Each** question carries 1 mark.

1. What is meant by office lay out ?

2. Define office.

3. What is meant by oral communication ?

4. What is C.V. ?

5. Define testimony.

6. What is quotation ?

7. What do you mean by business report ?

8. Write any two qualities of an office manager.

9. What is proxemics ?

10. What is kinesics ?   (10×1=10 Marks)

SECTION – B

Answer **any 8** questions. **Each** question carries 2 marks.

11. What is grapevine communication ?

12. State any two advantages of written communication.

13. What is a circular letter ?

14. What are visual aids ?

15. What is meant by office management ?

16. Define orientation interview.

17. What are the types of listening ?

18. Define record keeping.

19. What is meant by indexing ?

20. What is post script ?

21. What do you mean by notice ?

22. What are the advantages of good filing system ?   **(8×2=16 Marks)**

SECTION – C

Answer **any 6** questions. **Each** question carries **4 marks.**

23. Write any four functions of an office.

24. Explain communication process.

25. What are the principles of record management ?

26. Explain different types of indexing.

27. What are the objectives of office layout ?

28. What is an appointment order ? What are its contents ?

29. Explain transactional analysis.

30. What are different types of reports ?

31. State the essential characteristics of a business letter.   **(6×4=24 Marks)**

SECTION – D

Answer **any two** questions. **Each** question carries **15 marks.**

32. Define communication. What are the barriers to effective communication ?

33. Define interview. Explain different types of interviews.

34. Explain the importance of office management.

35. Write a complaint letter stating damaged condition of goods.   **(2×15=30 Marks)**

Reg. No. : ....

Name : ....

Second Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, August 2018
First Degree Programme under CBCSS
Core Course II : CO 1242/CX 1241/CC 1242/HM 1241
FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING
(Common for Commerce/Commerce & Tax Procedure and Practice/Commerce with Computer Applications/Commerce and Hotel Management and Catering)
(2014 Admn. Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　Max. Marks : 80

SECTION – A

Answer **all** questions, **each** question carries **1** mark.

1. What is journalizing ?

2. Explain Trial Balance.

3. What do you mean by sectional balancing ?

4. What is going concern concept ?

5. What do you mean by rectification of errors ?

6. What is operating profit ?

7. Explain an accounting equation.

8. What is a Suspense Account ?

9. Explain an opening entry.

10. What do you mean by deferred revenue expenditure ?　　**(10×1=10 Marks)**

SECTION – B

Not to exceed **one** paragraph, answer **any eight** questions. **Each** question carries 2 marks.

11. Differentiate between a Journal and Trial Balance.

12. What is accrual basis of accounting ?

13. What is Double Entry System ? What are its advantages ?

14. Explain business entity concept.

15. What is capital reserve ?

16. Briefly explain straight line method of calculating depreciation.

17. Explain :

   a) Primage

   b) Address commission in voyage.

18. What is a debit note ?

19. What is returnable package ?

20. What is compensating error ? Give example.

21. What is compound entry ? Give example.

22. Explain Manufacturing Account. How it is different from Trading Account ?

(8×2=16 Marks)

SECTION – C

Not to exceed **120** words, answer **any six** questions. **Each** question carries **4** marks.

23. What are the differences between trade discount and cash discount ?

24. Distinguish between hire purchase and installment system.

25. What do you mean by depreciation ? What are the causes of depreciation ?

26. What are the difference between debit note and credit note ?

27. Rectify the following entries :

    Pass necessary Journal Entries to rectify the following errors.
    i) An amount of Rs. 2,000 withdrawn by the proprietor for his personal use has been debited to Trade Expenses Account.
    ii) A purchase of goods from Nanthan amounting to Rs. 3,000 has been wrongly entered in the sales book.
    iii) A credit sale for Rs. 1,000 to Santhanam has been wrongly passed through the purchase book.
    iv) Rs. 1,500 received from Malhotra have been credited to Mehrotra.

28. X purchased second hand machinery on 1-2-2008 for Rs. 50,000 : paid Rs. 11,000 for its overhauling and Rs. 5,000 for its installation which was completed by 31-3-2008.

    The company provides depreciation on its machinery at 15% per annum on diminishing balance method from the date it is put to use and closes its books on December 31 every year.

    On 1-10-2009 a repair work was carried out on the machine and Rs. 5,000 were paid for the same.

    The machine was sold on 31-10-2010 for a sum of Rs. 11,000 and an amount of Rs. 1,000 was paid as dismantling charges. Prepare Machinery Account from 2008 to 2010.

29. What do you mean by secret reserve ? Briefly explain the advantages and disadvantages of secret reserve.

30. The schedule of debtors did not agree with the balance in the Total Debtors Account. The following errors were discovered :

    i) A sale of Rs. 5,350 to Dutt & More was posted to their account as Rs. 5,530.

    ii) While carrying forward the total of a page in the Sales Book the figure of Rs. 1,03,400 was written as Rs. 1,04,300.

    iii) A discount of Rs. 250 allowed to Arhan & Bhim was not entered in the cash book but the account of the customer was debited with the amount.

    iv) Rs. 4,500 paid to Ali & Sons credited was found as credited to the account of Ali Bros in the Sales Ledger.

    v) Returns inwards of Rs. 2,500 from Rao & Co. was found entered in the Returns Outwards Book.

    vi) The credit balance in the account of M/s Bose & Ganguli brought forward from previous period Rs. 1,500 was found entered on the debit side.

    The total debtor showed a balance of Rs. 1,56,300 before the above mentioned errors were discovered. What was the total of the schedule of debtors then ? What is the figure after correction ?

31. Delhi Tourist Service Ltd. purchased from Maruthi Udyog Ltd. a motor van on 1st April, 2009 the cash price being Rs. 1,61,000. The purchase was on hire purchase basis, Rs. 50,000 being paid on the signing of the contract and thereafter Rs. 50,000 being paid annually on 31st March, for three years, interest was charged at 15% per annum. Depreciation was written off at the rate of 25% per annum on the reducing installment system. Delhi Tourist Service Ltd. closes its books every year on 31st March. Prepare the necessary Leger Accounts in the books of Delhi Tourist Service Ltd. **(6x4=24 Marks)**

SECTION – D

Answer **any two** questions. **Each** question carries **15** marks.

32. Briefly explain the concepts and conventions of accounting.

33. Mr. A, a shop keeper had prepared the following Trial Balance from the Ledger as on 31ˢᵗ March 1998.

	Dr.	Cr.
Purchases	3,10,000	
Sales		4,15,000
Stock of goods as on 1-4-1997	50,000	
Cash in hand	2,100	
Cash at bank	12,000	
Mr. A's Capital		2,88,600
Drawings	4,000	
Rates & Taxes	5,000	
Salaries	32,000	
Postage and Telephone	11,500	
Salesman's commission	35,000	
Insurance	9,000	
Furniture & Fittings	22,000	
Advertising	17,000	
Printing & Stationery	3,000	
Motor Car	48,000	
Bad Debts	2,000	

Cash Discount	4,000	
General Expenses	14,000	
Carriage Inwards	10,000	
Carriage Outward	22,000	
Wages	20,000	
Outstanding liability for expenses	11,000	
Sundry creditors		40,000
Sundry debtors	1,00,000	
Total	**7,43,600**	**7,43,600**

You are required to prepare Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 1998 and Balance Sheet on that date.

a) Cost of goods in stock as on 31st March 1998 Rs. 1,45,000.

b) Mr. A had withdrawn goods worth Rs. 5,000 during the year.

c) Printing and stationery expenses of Rs. 11,000 relating to 1996 – 97 accounting year had not been provided in that year but was paid in this year by outstanding liabilities.

d) Purchases include purchase of furniture worth Rs. 10,000.

e) Debtors include Rs. 5,000 bad debt.

f) Creditors include a balance of Rs. 4,000 to the credit of L.M. Corporation in respect of which it has been decided to settle with the party to pay only Rs. 1,000.

g) Sales include goods worth Rs. 15,000 sent to S.M. & Co. on approval and remaining unsold as on March 31, 1998. The cost of the goods was Rs. 10,000.

h) Provision for Bad Debts is to be created at 55 of sundry debtors.

i) Depreciate furniture and fittings by 10% and motor car by 20%.

j) The salesmen are entitled to a commission of 10% on total sales.

34. Madras Chemicals Ltd. supply their products in returnable drums which are charged at Rs. 20 each. Customers returning the drums within a month are credited with Rs. 18. The Company's procedure is to retain Rs. 18 in a Deposit Account till the expiry of the option period for return of drums.

The following are available from the book	Nos.
Returnable drums as on January 1, 1998	8,000
Drums in stock as on January 1, 1998	16,000
Drums purchased during 1998 at Rs. 15 per drum	20,000
Drums sent to customers during 1998	3,00,000
Drums return by customers during 1998	2,88,000
Drums returnable on December 31, 1998	15,000
Drums scrapped in 1998 – sold for Rs. 10,000	2,000

All drums as on December 31, 1997 and December 31, 1998 are to be valued at Rs. 10 each. All the amounts due in respect of drums have been collected from the customers. Show the Ledger Accounts for 1998 of a) Drum stock b) Drum trading.

35. What are the different types of errors ? Explain each error with example.

(2×15=30 Marks)

E – 4588

Reg. No. : ....

Name : ....

Second Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, August 2018
Career Related First Degree Programme Under CBCSS
2(b) – Commerce With Computer Applications
Core Course VI : CC 1243
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
(2014 Admn. Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

SECTION – A

Answer **all** questions in **one** or **two** sentences **each. Each** question carries **one** mark.

1. What do you mean by EVA ?

2. What do you understand by time value of money ?

3. What is post payback period ?

4. What do you mean by market value of a bond ?

5. What is seed capital financing ?

6. What do you mean by capitalization ?

7. Define leverage.

8. What is interim dividend ?

9. What do you mean by permanent working capital ?

10. What do you mean by cash cycle ?

(10×1=10 Marks)

SECTION – B

Answer **any eight** questions in **not** exceeding **one** paragraph **each. Each** question carries **2** marks.

11. What are the assumptions of Walter's Model of dividend policy ?

12. Explain the features of permanent working capital.

13. What do you mean by Accounting Rate of Return ?

14. What is a financial lease ?

15. What are the modes of investment of venture capital companies ?

16. Differentiate between capital structure and financial structure.

17. Explain operating leverage.

18. Annual requirements : 1600 units, Cost of materials p.u. Rs. 40, Cost of placing and receiving an order : Rs. 50 , Annual carrying cost of inventory : 10% of inventory value. Calculate the EOQ.

19. What do you mean by financial risk ?

20. Give four examples of capital expenditures.

21. What are the advantages of equity shares ?

22. What are the sources of bonus issues ?   **(8×2=16 Marks)**

SECTION – C

Answer **any six** questions in about **120** words **each. Each** question carries 4 marks.

23. Explain important characteristics of financial management.

24. What are the advantages and disadvantages of IRR method ?

25. What are the determinants of dividend policy ?

26. What is a preference share ? Explain different types of preference shares.

27. Explain different forms of dividend.

28. What are the dangers of insufficient working capital ?

29. Explain different objectives of inventory management.

30. Explain various benefits of ploughing-back of profits.

31. What are the main assumptions of MM hypothesis ? **(6×4=24 Marks)**

SECTION – D

Answer **any 2** questions in **not** exceeding **4** pages **each. Each** question carries **15** marks.

32. Define capital budgeting and list the different methods of project appraisal techniques.

33. What do you mean by finance function ? Explain the scope of finance function.

34. Describe the traditional view on the optimal capital structure. Compare and contrast this view with the NOI approach and NI approach.

35. X Ltd., is considering the purchase of machine. Two machines, A and B, are available, each having a cost of Rs. 50,000. In comparing the profitability of the machine 10% discount factor may used. Earnings from the machines are expected to be as follows :

Year	Machine A	Machine B
1	15000	5000
2	20000	15000
3	25000	20000
4	15000	20000
5	10000	20000
Total	85000	80000

Find out the profitability of the machine.

Year	1	2	3	4	5
PV Factor @ 10%	0.909	0.826	0.751	0.683	0.620

(2×15=30 Marks)