

April - 2026

BLDE (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)
MBBS PHASE – III (PART – II) EXAMINATION

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 80]

GENERAL SURGERY – PAPER - I

QP CODE: 4013

Your answer should be specific to the questions asked.

Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

Each answer should be written on new page only.

Write Question No. in the middle of the page.

Long Essay: (Answers to be started on fresh page only) 2 x 10 = 20

1. A 50-year-old male presents with progressive dysphagia initially to solids and later to liquids with significant weight loss.
 - a) Enumerate causes of dysphagia
 - b) Describe etiopathology, clinical features, investigations, and management of carcinoma esophagus
2. Describe the anatomy and blood supply of liver. Discuss in detail the etiopathology, clinical features, investigations, and management of hepatocellular carcinoma.

Short Essay: (Answers to be started on fresh page only) 6 x 5 = 30

3. Etiopathology, clinical features, and management of acute pancreatitis
4. Define inguinal hernia. Describe types, clinical features, and management
5. Clinical features and management of perforated duodenal ulcer
6. Management of benign prostatic hyperplasia
7. Clinical features and management of pilonidal sinus
8. Complications and management of portal hypertension

Short Answers: (Leave three lines gap between the answers) 10 x 3 = 30

9. Achalasia cardia
10. Causes of intestinal obstruction
11. Complications of splenectomy
12. Types of Hiatus hernia
13. Goodsall's rule
14. Femoral hernia
15. Causes of lower gastrointestinal bleeding
16. Pancreatic pseudocyst
17. Torsion testis
18. Management of renal calculi

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MBBS PHASE – III (PART – II) EXAMINATION

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GENERAL SURGERY – PAPER - II

QP CODE: 4014

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Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

Each answer should be written on new page only.

Write Question No. in the middle of the page.

SECTION – A

Long Essay: (Answers to be started on fresh page only) 1 x 10 = 10

1. A 45-year-old woman presents to the surgical outpatient department with a painless lump in the breast noticed for the past 2 months. The lump has gradually increased in size. There is no history of pain, nipple discharge, or fever. She has no prior history of breast disease. On examination, a firm, irregular lump is palpable in the upper outer quadrant of the breast. The lump is not tender, and the overlying skin appears normal.

- a) What are the differential diagnoses for this presentation? (4 marks)
- b) What is meant by triple assessment? Describe its components. (3 marks)
- c) Outline the management of this patient. (3 marks)

Short Essay: (Answers to be started on fresh page only) 3 x 5 = 15

2. Management of severe head injury patient
3. Thyrotoxicosis
4. Complications of Blood transfusion

Short Answers: (Leave three lines gap between the answers) 5 x 3 = 15

5. Hypokalemia
6. Branchial cyst
7. Erythroplakia
8. Cold Abscess
9. Indications of thoracotomy

SECTION – B – QP CODE 4018

Long Essay: (Answers to be started on fresh page only) 1 x 10 = 10

1. A 6-year-old child is brought with pain, swelling, and deformity around the elbow following a fall on an outstretched hand (FOOSH). Distal pulses are weak and the child complains of numbness.

- a) What is the most probable diagnosis? Enumerate injuries due to FOOSH.
- b) Describe the classification and mechanism of injury.
- c) Describe pathoanatomy, displacement, and clinical features.
- d) Enumerate complications and discuss treatment.

Short Essay: (Answers to be started on fresh page only) 3 x 5 = 15

2. Cubitus varus deformity (Gun-stock deformity)
3. Osteochondroma
4. Perthes disease

Short Answers: (Leave three lines gap between the answers) 5 x 3 = 15

5. X-ray features of pleural effusion
6. Air bronchogram
7. Principle of Doppler study
8. Write a short note on succinylcholine
9. Enumerate causes of hypotension under anaesthesia